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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d l107 all hitstr tot

L107 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:588430 HCAPLUS

DN 143:99178

ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 2005

TI Absorbent products incorporating individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color

IN Stoyanov, Angel; Naieni, Shahrokh A.; Unrau, David G.

PA Weyerhaeuser Company, USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61F013-15 ICS A61F013-20

INCL 604367000

CC 43-7 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 2005148966 A1 20050707 US 2003-748969 20031230

PRAI US 2003-748969 20031230

CLASS

PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES

US 2005148966 ICM A61F013-15 ICS A61F013-20

INCL 604367000

US 2005148966 NCL 604/367.000

AB An absorbent product is described in which **cellulosic** fibers are reacted with an effective amount of a α -

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hydroxy polycarboxylic acid
     crosslinking agent in the presence of an effective amount of a
     C4-C12 polyol. The individualized intrafiber
     crosslinked cellulosic fibers are
     characterized by a Whiteness Index, (WICDM-L) greater than about 69.
                                                                            The
     crosslinked fibers can be incorporated into infant
     diapers, adult incontinent products, feminine hygiene products and
    paperboard products.
    polyol discoloration preventer hydroxy polycarboxylic
     crosslinked cellulosic fiber absorbent;
     hygiene product polyol discoloration preventer hydroxy
     polycarboxylic crosslinked cellulosic;
     disposable diaper polyol discoloration preventer hydroxy
     polycarboxylic crosslinked cellulosic
    Absorbents
TΤ
       Cellulose pulp
     Discoloration prevention agents
     Disposable diapers
        (absorbent products incorporating hydroxy polycarboxylic
        acid-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with
        improved brightness and color by adding polyols)
IT
     Glycosides
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (absorbent products incorporating hydroxy polycarboxylic
        acid-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with
        improved brightness and color by adding polyols)
IT
    Paper
        (absorbent; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy
        polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers with improved brightness and color by adding
        polyols)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy, \alpha-; absorbent products incorporating
        hydroxy polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked
        cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color
        by adding polyols)
IT
    Medical goods
        (incontinence devices; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy
        polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers with improved brightness and color by adding
        polyols)
IT
    Absorbents
        (paper; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy polycarboxylic
        acid-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with
        improved brightness and color by adding polyols)
IT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy
        polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers with improved brightness and color by adding
        polyols)
IT
    Medical goods
        (sanitary napkins; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy
        polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers with improved brightness and color by adding
        polyols)
```

```
IT
        (towels; absorbent products incorporating hydroxy
        polycarboxylic acid-crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers with improved brightness and color by adding
        polyols)
IT
     50-70-4, Sorbitol, uses 69-65-8,
     Mannitol 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses
     80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4,
     Tartaric acid, uses 87-89-8, myo-
     Inositol 87-99-0, Xylitol 149-32-6,
     Erythritol 488-81-3, Ribitol 585-86-4
     , Lactitol 585-88-6, Maltitol
     2152-56-9, Arabinitol 2889-31-8,
     \alpha -Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7
     , Malic acid 64519-82-0, Isomalt
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (absorbent products incorporating hydroxy polycarboxylic
        acid-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with
        improved brightness and color by adding polyols)
IT
     50-70-4, Sorbitol, uses 69-65-8,
     Mannitol 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses
     80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4,
     Tartaric acid, uses 87-89-8, myo-
     Inositol 87-99-0, Xylitol 149-32-6,
     Erythritol 488-81-3, Ribitol 585-86-4
     , Lactitol 585-88-6, Maltitol
     2152-56-9, Arabinitol 2889-31-8,
     \alpha -Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7
     , Malic acid 64519-82-0, Isomalt
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (absorbent products incorporating hydroxy polycarboxylic
        acid-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with
        improved brightness and color by adding polyols)
     50-70-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     D-Glucitol (9CI)
                       (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 69-65-8 HCAPLUS CN D-Mannitol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

RN 80-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 87-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 87-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 87-99-0 HCAPLUS

CN Xylitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149-32-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 488-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Ribitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 585-86-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol, 4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. \

RN 585-88-6 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol, $4-O-\alpha-D$ -glucopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2152-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Arabinitol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ОН ОН ОН
$$| \ | \ |$$
 НО— $CH_2-CH-CH-CH-CH_2-OH$

RN 2889-31-8 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6915-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 64519-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-arabino-Hexitol, 6-O- α -D-glucopyranosyl-, (2 ξ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:588132 HCAPLUS

DN 143:99145

ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 2005

TI Individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color

IN Stoyanov, Angel; Naieni, Shahrokh A.; Unran, David G.

PA Weyerhaeuser Co., USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

```
LA
    English
IC
    ICM D21C009-00
INCL 162009000; 162157600; 008116100
    43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                              DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                                          -----
     -----
                        ----
                               -----
                                                                -----
    US 2005145350
                        A1
                               20050707
                                        US 2003-748930
                                                              20031230 <--
PRAI US 2003-748930
                               20031230 <--
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 US 2005145350 ICM
                      D21C009-00
                INCL
                       162009000; 162157600; 008116100
US 2005145350 NCL
                       162/009.000; 162/157.600; 008/116.100
                                                                         <--
    Individualized intrafiber crosslinked
    cellulosic fibers have improved color properties and
    brightness. Cellulosic fibers are crosslinked
    using hydroxy polycarboxylic acids in the presence of C4-12
    polyols. The improved fibers have Whiteness Index
     .qtorsim.69.0.
    individualized intrafiber crosslinked
st
    cellulosic fiber
IT
    Fibers
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (cellulosic; method for forming individualized
       intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic
       fibers with improved brightness and color)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, reactions
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydroxy, polycarboxylic, crosslinking
       agent; polycarboxylic acid intrafiber-
       crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved
       brightness and color)
IT
    Cellulose pulp
      Crosslinking
      Crosslinking agents
        (method for forming individualized intrafiber
       crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved
       brightness and color)
IT
    Glycosides
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (method for forming individualized intrafiber
       crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved
       brightness and color)
IT
    80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4,
    Tartaric acid, reactions 597-44-4,
    Citramalic acid 2889-31-8, \alpha -
    Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7, Malic
    acid
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
       (crosslinking agent; polycarboxylic acid
       intrafiber-crosslinked cellulosic
       fibers with improved brightness and color)
IT
    87-78-5, Mannitol 87-89-8, myo-
    Inositol 488-38-0, Volemitol 527-06-0
     Perseitol 585-86-4, Lactitol
    585-88-6, Maltitol 64519-82-0, Isomalt
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
```

(method for forming individualized intrafiber

crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, reactions 77-92-9, Citric acid, reactions 87-99-0, Xylitol 149-32-6, Erythritol 488-81-3 , Ribitol 2152-56-9, Arabinitol RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polycarboxylic acid intrafiber-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) 80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4, IT Tartaric acid, reactions 597-44-4, Citramalic acid 2889-31-8, α -Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7, Malic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinking agent; polycarboxylic acid intrafiber-crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) RN80-69-3 HCAPLUS

Propanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

RN 87-69-4 HCAPLUS CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 597-44-4 HCAPLUS CN Butanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C--}\text{C--}\text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 2889-31-8 HCAPLUS CN Pentanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C--CH--CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 6915-15-7 HCAPLUS CN Butanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

CN

Mannitol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 87-89-8 HCAPLUS CN myo-Inositol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 488-38-0 HCAPLUS CN D-glycero-D-manno-Heptitol (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 527-06-0 HCAPLUS
CN D-glycero-D-galacto-Heptitol (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

он он он он он
$$| \ | \ | \ | \ |$$
 но— ${\rm CH}_2-{\rm CH}-{\rm CH}-{\rm CH}-{\rm CH}-{\rm CH}-{\rm CH}_2-{\rm OH}$

RN 585-86-4 HCAPLUS
CN D-Glucitol, 4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 585-88-6 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol, $4-O-\alpha-D$ -glucopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 64519-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-arabino-Hexitol, 6-O-α-D-glucopyranosyl-, (2ξ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\mathrm{CO_2H}}_{\mid}$$
 $^{\mathrm{HO_2C-CH_2-CO_2H}}_{\mid}$ $^{\mathrm{OO_2H}}_{\mid}$ $^{\mathrm{OH}}$

RN 87-99-0 HCAPLUS CN Xylitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149-32-6 HCAPLUS CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

< - -

RN 488-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Ribitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2152-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Arabinitol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L107 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:572624 HCAPLUS

DN 143:79871

ED Entered STN: 01 Jul 2005

TI Method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color

IN Stoyanov, Angel; Naieni, Shahrokh A.; Unrau, David G.

PA Weyerhaeuser Company, USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C08B003-16

INCL 536064000; 162158000

CC 43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---,------_____ ____ ----- US 2005143571 20050630 US 2003-748977 20031230 <--A1 PRAI US 2003-748977 20031230 <--

CLASS

PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES

US 2005143571 ICM C08B003-16

INCL 536064000; 162158000

US 2005143571 NCL 536/064.000; 162/158.000

AB A method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers comprises: applying an effective amount of a crosslinking agent in the presence of an effective amount of a polyol to a mat of cellulosic fibers, separating the mat into substantially

individualized fibers, drying the treated individualized fibers, curing the crosslinking agent in the presence of the polyol to form individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers, wherein the Whiteness Index, (WI(CDM-L)), of the individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers is greater than about 69.0. A method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved color and brightness properties. individualized intrafiber crosslinked ST cellulosic fiber IT Fibers RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cellulosic; method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT Carboxylic acids, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (hydroxy, polycarboxylic, crosslinking agent; method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT Cellulose pulp Crosslinking Crosslinking agents (method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT Glycosides RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT 80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, reactions 597-44-4, Citramalic acid 2889-31-8, α -Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7, Malic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinking agent; method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) TT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, reactions 77-92-9, Citric acid, reactions 87-78-5, Mannitol 87-89-8, myo-Inositol 87-99-0, Xylitol 149-32-6, Erythritol 488-38-0, Volemitol 488-81-3, Ribitol 527-06-0, Perseitol 585-86-4, Lactitol 585-88-6, Maltitol 2152-56-9, Arabinitol 64519-82-0, Isomalt RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (method for forming individualized intrafiber crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color) IT 80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, reactions 597-44-4, Citramalic acid 2889-31-8, α -Hydroxyglutaric acid 6915-15-7, Malic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(crosslinking agent; method for forming
individualized intrafiber crosslinked

cellulosic fibers with improved brightness and color)

RN 80-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 87-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 597-44-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2889-31-8 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6915-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, reactions 77-92-9,
 Citric acid, reactions 87-78-5,
 Mannitol 87-89-8, myo-Inositol
 87-99-0, Xylitol 149-32-6, Erythritol
 488-38-0, Volemitol 488-81-3, Ribitol

527-06-0, Perseitol 585-86-4, Lactitol

585-88-6, Maltitol 2152-56-9,

Arabinitol 64519-82-0, Isomalt

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(method for forming individualized intrafiber
crosslinked cellulosic fibers with improved

brightness and color)

RN 50-70-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm HO_2C-CH_2-C-CH_2-CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm OH} \end{array}$$

RN 87-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN Mannitol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 87-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 87-99-0 HCAPLUS CN Xylitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149-32-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 488-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-glycero-D-manno-Heptitol (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 488-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Ribitol (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 527-06-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-glycero-D-galacto-Heptitol (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 585-86-4 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol, 4-0-β-D-galactopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 585-88-6 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucitol, $4-O-\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 2152-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Arabinitol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 64519-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-arabino-Hexitol, $6\text{-O}-\alpha\text{-D-glucopyranosyl-}$, (2ξ) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L107 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
    2005:539649 HCAPLUS
DN
    143:65559
    Entered STN: 23 Jun 2005
ED
    Densification agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers
ΤI
    Hamilton, Robert T.; West, Hugh
IN
PΑ
    Weyerhaeuser Company, USA
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.
SO
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A61L015-28
    ICS A61L015-34; A61L015-42
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
    Section cross-reference(s): 43
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                                                 DATE
     -----
                        ----
                               -----
                                           ------
                               20050622
                                          EP 2004-251199
PΙ
    EP 1543845
                        A2
                                                                 20040302
    EP 1543845
                        A3
                               20050706
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
    US 2005133180
                         A1
                               20050623
                                          US 2003-741231
PRAI US 2003-741231
                               20031219
CLASS
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
                       _____
                ----
                       A61L015-28
EP 1543845
                ICM
                ICS
                       A61L015-34; A61L015-42
US 2005133180
                       162/158.000; 162/175.000; 162/135.000; 162/205.000
                NCL
    Densification agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers
    are described exhibiting densification properties that are superior to
    oil-treated fibers that have not been treated with a
    densification agent and cellulose fibers that have not
    been treated with oil or a densification agent. The densification agent
    and oil treated cellulose fibers are useful in
    absorbent articles that may contain superabsorbent materials. Thus, rolls
    of pine fluff in sheet form were coated on one side with a solution of
    high-fructose corn syrup to achieve a loading of actives on a dry basis
    (i.e., corn syrup solids) of 5 weight%. The opposite side of the sheets were
    coated with a mineral oil (Superla 35) to a loading of 3 weight% oil based on
    the dry fiber content of the sheet. The resulting sheets were
    fiberized and formed into pads. The application of high-fructose
    corn syrup alone or in combination with an agent having at least one
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hydrogen bonding functionality to wood pulp cellulose
     fibers treated with an oil improved the densification properties
     of the oil-treated fibers.
ST
     cellulose fiber oil treatment densification agent
     medical absorbent
     Paraffin oils
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (Superla 35; densification agent and oil-treated cellulose
        fibers for medical absorbent articles)
TT
     Medical goods
        (absorbents; densification agent and oil-treated cellulose
        fibers for medical absorbent articles)
TT
     Fibers
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cellulosic; densification agent and oil-treated
        cellulose fibers for medical absorbent articles)
IT
    Alkvnes
     Cyclic compounds
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (cycloalkynes; densification agent and oil-treated cellulose
        fibers for medical absorbent articles)
IT
     Cellulose pulp
     Superabsorbents
        (densification agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers
        for medical absorbent articles)
TT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     Alkanes, biological studies
     Alkenes, biological studies
    Alkynes
     Canola oil
     Castor oil
     Coconut oil
     Corn oil
     Cottonseed oil
     Cycloalkanes
     Cycloalkenes
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     Glycerides, biological studies
     Glycols, biological studies
     Jojoba oil
     Linseed oil
     Olive oil
     Petroleum, biological studies
     Safflower oil
     Soybean oil
     Tung oil
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (densification agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers
        for medical absorbent articles)
     Carbohydrates, biological studies
TΤ
     RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (densification agents; densification agent and oil-treated
        cellulose fibers for medical absorbent articles)
IT
     Syrups (sweetening agents)
        (high-fructose hydrolyzed starch, densification agent; densification
```

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agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers for medical
       absorbent articles)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy; densification agent and oil-treated
       cellulose fibers for medical absorbent articles)
    Absorbents
IT
       (medical; densification agent and oil-treated cellulose
       fibers for medical absorbent articles)
IT
    Medical goods
        (pads; densification agent and oil-treated cellulose
       fibers for medical absorbent articles)
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
    RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); USES (Uses)
        (polycarboxylic; densification agent and oil-treated
       cellulose fibers for medical absorbent articles)
TΤ
    Alcohols, biological studies
    RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric; densification agent and oil-treated
       cellulose fibers for medical absorbent articles)
IT
    50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol,
    biological studies 111-01-3, Squalane 111-02-4, Squalene
    Hexadecane
    RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); USES (Uses)
       (densification agent and oil-treated cellulose fibers
       for medical absorbent articles)
L107 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
    2002:568305 HCAPLUS
\mathbf{A}\mathbf{N}
    137:110728
DN
    Entered STN: 31 Jul 2002
ED
    Manufacture of pulp with high bulk using no crosslinking
TI
    agents by mercerizing pulp with alkali solutions and treating
    the pulp with polyhydric alcohols
    Yamazaki, Yoichi; Kikuchi, Aya; Narushima, Norifumi
IN
    Nippon Paper Industries Co., Ltd., Japan; Nakatani Sangyo Co., Ltd.
PA
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    Japanese
    ICM D21C009-00
IC
    ICS D21H011-02
    43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND
                                        APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                              DATE.
     -----
                       ----
                                         _____.
                              -----
                              20020731 JP 2001-4512
    JP 2002212889
                       A2
                                                               20010112 <--
PΙ
PRAI JP 2001-4512
                              20010112 <--
CLASS
PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 _____
JP 2002212889 ICM
                      D21C009-00
                ICS
                      D21H011-02
    Pulp with high bulk is prepared by mercerizing pulp or
    pulp comprising chemical pulp or dissolving pulp,
    with alkali solns. to give mercerized pulp or mercerized
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pulp with cellulose II content 50-100%, and treating the
     pulp with polyhydric alcs. Softwood bleached
     kraft pulp was treated with 20 g aqueous 15% NaOH per g pulp
     for 30 min at 20°, washed, dried, treated with 20 g aqueous solution
     containing 5% pentaerythritol per g pulp for 2 h at
     70°, centrifuged, and beaten using a beater. The beaten
     pulp was made into paper using a papermaking machine, pressed,
     dried, and kept at 23° and 50% relative humidity to give paper with
     d. 0.214 g/cm3.
     cellulose pulp mercerization pulp bulk
ST
     enhancement; polyhydric alc finish mercerized
     pulp bulk enhancement; pentaerythritol finish mercerized
     pulp bulk enhancement; paper bulk enhancement cellulose
     pulp mercerization
IT
     Cellulose pulp /
     Mercerization
       Paper
        (manufacture of pulp with high bulk using no crosslinking
        agents by mercerizing pulp with alkali solns. and treating
        the pulp with polyhydric alcs.)
IT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (polyhydric, treatment by; manufacture of pulp with high
        bulk using no crosslinking agents by mercerizing pulp
        with alkali solns. and treating the pulp with
        polyhydric alcs.)
IT
     1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (mercerization agent; manufacture of pulp with high bulk using no
        crosslinking agents by mercerizing pulp with alkali
        solns. and treating the pulp with polyhydric
        alcs.)
IT
     115-77-5, Pentaerythritol, uses
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (treatment by; manufacture of pulp with high bulk using no
        crosslinking agents by mercerizing pulp with alkali
        solns. and treating the pulp with polyhydric
        alcs.)
L107 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2001:329009 HCAPLUS
DN
     134:328089
ED
     Entered STN: 09 May 2001
     Manufacture of crosslinked bulky pulp
TI
IN
     Takahashi, Ryoji
PA
     Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IC
     ICM D21H011-20
     ICS D06M013-123
CC
     43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                        _ _ _ _
                                           -----
                         A2
    JP 2001123388
                                           JP 1999-292832
                                                                  19991014 <--
                                20010508
PΙ
PRAI JP 1999-292832
                                19991014 <--
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CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 ______
 JP 2001123388 ICM
                        D21H011-20
                 ICS
                        D06M013-123
     The bulky pulp with no content of formalin is manufactured by
AB
     crosslinking pulp with a mixture of glyoxal and
     polyhydric alcs. in the ratio of CHO to OH 1-10.
     5.0 g pulp was treated with an aqueous crosslinking agent
     comprising glyoxal and pentaerythritol (CHO/OH = 1.5/1.0) and
     dried to give crosslinked pulp showing thickness
     8.5-9.1 mm/10 cm-diameter
ST
     bulk pulp crosslinking glyoxal pentaerythritol
IT
     Cellulose pulp
       Crosslinking agents
        (manufacture of crosslinked bulky pulp without using
        formalin)
TT
     77-99-6, Trimethylolpropane 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, uses 107-22-2,
     Glyoxal
             115-77-5, Pentaerythritol, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent; manufacture of crosslinked bulky
        pulp without using formalin)
L107 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2000:535340 HCAPLUS
AN
     133:137002
DN
     Entered STN: 04 Aug 2000
ED
     High-wet-bulk individualized crosslinked
TT
     cellulosic fibers and preparation thereof for absorbents
     Jewell, Richard A.; Westland, John A.
IN
PA
     Weyerhaeuser Company, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM D21C009-00
IC
     ICS D21H017-06; D06M013-123; D06M015-423
CC
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                                            _____
     WO 2000044977
                         A1
                                20000803 WO 2000-US1155
                                                                  20000118
PΙ
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
             CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
             MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
             SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                20010327 US 1999-240085
     US 6207278
                          В1
                                                                   19990129
                                          EP 2000-902441
     EP 1149200
                          A1
                                20011031
                                                                   20000118
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                20011221
                                            TR 2001-200101952
     TR 200101952
                         T2
                                                                   20000118
     BR 2000007798
                         Α
                                20021015
                                            BR 2000-7798
                                                                   20000118
     JP 2002535510
                         T2
                                20021022
                                            JP 2000-596210
                                                                   20000118
     US 6551706
                         B1
                                            US 2000-690136
                                20030422
                                                                   20001016
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Page 23
                               white - 10 / 748977
     US 2003008580
                          A1
                                20030109
                                            US 2002-228792
                                                                   20020827
     US 6752944
                         B2
                                20040622
     US 2003108742
                         A1
                                20030612
                                            US 2003-342513
                                                                   20030115
     US 6703125
                         B2
                                20040309
                         Α
PRAI US 1999-240085
                                19990129
                          W
     WO 2000-US1155
                                20000118
     US 2000-690136
                         A3
                                20001016
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 WO 2000044977
                 ICM
                        D21C009-00
                 ICS
                        D21H017-06; D06M013-123; D06M015-423
WO 2000044977
                 ECLA
                        D06M013/123; D06M013/207; D06M015/423; D21H011/20
US 6207278
                 NCL
                        428/393.000; 008/116.100; 428/364.000
                        D06M013/123; D06M013/207; D06M015/423; D21H011/20
                 ECLA
US 6551706
                 NCL
                        428/393.000; 008/116.100; 428/364.000
                 ECLA
                        D06M013/123; D06M013/207; D06M015/423; D21H011/20
US 2003008580
                NCL
                        264/137.000; 162/009.000; 162/157.600; 162/182.000;
                        264/160.000; 264/236.000
                        D06M013/123; D06M013/207; D06M015/423; D21H011/20
                 ECLA
US 2003108742
                NCL
                        428/375.000; 008/116.100; 428/292.100; 428/393.000
                        D06M013/123; D06M013/207; D06M015/423; D21H011/20
                 ECLA
AB
     Title fibers are prepared by applying a glyoxal
     crosslinking combination to a cellulosic fibrous
     sheet, separated the sheet into individual fibers, drying,
     and curing, giving fibers having wet bulk >.apprx.20 cc/g at 0.6
     kPa. The crosslinking combination comprises glyoxal, a
     catalyst, and, optionally, a glycol and/or glyoxal resin.
                                                                Thus,
     cellulosic fibers crosslinked with a
     glyoxal-glycol combination according to the above procedure, showed wet
    bulk 24.9 cc/g at 0.6 kPa, a 47% improvement over com. high-bulk
     fibers.
ST
     cellulosic fiber crosslinking absorbent;
     glyoxal glycol crosslinking cellulosic fiber
     absorbent
TТ
    Fibers
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (cellulosic; high-wet-bulk individualized
        crosslinked cellulosic fibers and preparation
        thereof for absorbents)
TT
     Crosslinking agents
        (glyoxal; high-wet-bulk individualized crosslinked
        cellulosic fibers and preparation thereof for absorbents)
IT
    Absorbents
       Crosslinking catalysts
        (high-wet-bulk individualized crosslinked
        cellulosic fibers and preparation thereof for absorbents)
IT
     57-55-6, Propylene glycol, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agent containing glyoxal; high-wet-bulk
        individualized crosslinked cellulosic
        fibers and preparation thereof for absorbents)
     57-13-6D, Urea, cyclic derivs., polymers with glyoxal, uses
IT
                                                                   107-22-2,
             107-22-2D, Glyoxal, polymers with polyols and cyclic
    Glyoxal
    urea
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents; high-wet-bulk individualized
        crosslinked cellulosic fibers and preparation
       thereof for absorbents)
```

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IT
     77-92-9, Citric acid, uses
                                   10043-01-3,
     Aluminum sulfate
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking catalyst; high-wet-bulk individualized
        crosslinked cellulosic fibers and preparation
        thereof for absorbents)
              THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Jewell, R; US 5366591 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(2) Sun Chemical Corp; EP 0132127 A 1985 HCAPLUS
(3) Welch, C; US 4472167 A 1984 HCAPLUS
(4) Weyerhaeuser Co; WO 8804704 A 1988 HCAPLUS
     77-92-9, Citric acid, uses
IT
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking catalyst; high-wet-bulk individualized
        crosslinked cellulosic fibers and preparation
        thereof for absorbents)
     77-92-9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
          CO<sub>2</sub>H
HO2C-CH2-C-CH2-CO2H
          OH
L107 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2000:259949 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     132:266673
     Entered STN: 21 Apr 2000
ED
     Compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood fibers
TΙ
     Quick, Robert H.; Shellhammer, Daniel M.; Hansen, Michael R.; Young,
IN
     Richard H., Sr.
PΑ
     Weyerhaeuser Company, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
     ICM A61F013-15
IC
     ICS D06M011-00; D06M013-00; D21H023-00
     43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                 DATE
                                                                     DATE
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                         _ _ _ _
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                                             WO 1999-US21134
PΙ
     WO 2000021476
                          A1
                                 20000420
                                                                     19990915
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
             RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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20010515

20000501

20010830

B1

Α1

. A1

US 6231721

AU 9959237

US 2001018308

US 1998-169705

AU 1999-59237

US 2001-836938

19981009

19990915

20010417

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US 6638884
                          B2
                                20031028
                                            US 2003-449184
                                                                    20030530
     US 2003207641
                          A1
                                20031106
     US 6719862
                          B2
                                20040413
PRAI US 1998-169705
                          Α
                                19981009
     WO 1999-US21134
                          W
                                19990915
     US 2001-836938
                          A3
                                20010417
CLASS
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
 WO 2000021476
                 ICM
                        A61F013-15
                 ICS
                        D06M011-00; D06M013-00; D21H023-00
 WO 2000021476
                 ECLA
                        A61F013/15E; A61F013/15E2D; D21H015/02
US 6231721
                 NCL
                        162/164.100; 162/174.000; 162/175.000; 162/179.000;
                        162/181.100; 162/181.200; 162/183.000; 162/184.000;
                        162/185.000; 442/059.000
                 ECLA
                        A61F013/15E; A61F013/15E2D; D21H015/02
·US 2001018308
                 NCL
                        442/417.000; 162/164.100; 162/174.000; 162/175.000;
                        162/179.000; 162/181.100; 162/183.000; 162/184.000;
                        162/185.000; 442/059.000; 442/394.000; 442/414.000
                        A61F013/15E; A61F013/15E2D; D21H015/02
                 ECLA
                        156/060.000; 156/061.000; 162/164.100; 162/174.000;
US 2003207641
                 NCL
                        162/175.000; 162/179.000; 162/181.100; 162/181.200;
                        162/183.000; 162/184.000; 162/185.000; 442/059.000
                 ECLA
                        A61F013/15E; A61F013/15E2D; D21H015/02
AB
    A highly densifiable wood pulp product is disclosed. In one
    embodiment, the densifiable product includes fibers having low
    coarseness, preferably having a fiber coarseness less than about
     22 mg/100 m, and a densifying agent. In another embodiment, the
    densifiable product further includes fibers having a coarseness
    greater than about 22 mg/100 m. Juvenile wood fibers are the
    preferred source of fibers having low coarseness. A densified
    pulp product formed by compacting a fibrous composite
    that includes fibers having a fiber coarseness less
     than about 22 mg/100 m, a densifying agent, and optionally, fibers
    having a coarseness grater than about 22 mg/100 m is also disclosed.
    pulp products can be advantageously incorporated into absorbent
    articles and can optionally include superabsorbent material. Methods for
    forming the densifiable and densified fibrous products are also
    disclosed.
ST
     juvenile wood fiber densified pulp
IT
    Absorbents
       Cellulose pulp
    Diapers
    Hygroscopic substances
        (compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood
        fibers)
IT
    Amides, uses
    Amino acids, uses
      Carboxylic acids, uses
    Glycols, uses
    Polyamides, uses
    Polyamines
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood
        fibers)
    Medical goods
IT
        (incontinence devices, adult; compressible wood pulp product
        from juvenile wood fibers)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, uses
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
```

(polycarboxylic; compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood fibers)

Carboxylic acids, uses ΙT

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (salts; compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood fibers)

50-21-5, Lactic acid, uses 50-70-4, Sorbitol, uses IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, uses 56-40-6, Glycine, uses 56-81-5, Glycerin, 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, uses 72-17-3, Sodium lactate 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, uses 107-95-9, β-Alanine 110-16-7, Maleic acid,

127-08-2, Potassium acetate 631-61-8, Ammonium acetate 919-16-4, Lithium citrate

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood fibers)

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

(1) Altman; US 5147505 A 1992

(2) Hansen; US 5547541 A 1996 HCAPLUS

50-70-4, Sorbitol, uses 77-92-9,

Citric acid, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (compressible wood pulp product from juvenile wood fibers)

50-70-4 HCAPLUS RN

D-Glucitol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm HO_2C-CH_2-C-CH_2-CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm OH} \end{array}$$

L107 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2000:138928 HCAPLUS

DN 132:167865

ED Entered STN: 01 Mar 2000

TI Crosslinked cellulose membranes and production methods therefor

IN Hongo, Tomoko; Saito, Masatoshi

PA Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

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DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
     ICM B01D071-10
IC
CC
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
     _____
                        ----
     JP 2000061277
                        A2
                                20000229
                                         JP 1998-232753
                                                                 19980819 <--
PRAI JP 1998-232753
                                19980819 <--
CLASS
               CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
 JP 2000061277 ICM
                      B01D071-10
    Durable pressure-resistant membranes having good water permeability and
     separation properties are prepared from cellulose, OH group-reactive
     crosslinking agents, catalysts, and pore retention agents of
     polyhydric alcs. Thus, a regenerated cellulose
     membrane was immersed in water containing polyethylene glycol 30,
     N,N'-dimethyloldihydroxyethyleneurea 1, and MgCl2 2%, sandwiched between
     filter paper to remove the excess liquid, and heated to prepare a
     crosslinked membrane.
ST
     cellulose methyloldihydroxyethyleneurea copolymer membrane;
     crosslinking cellulose membrane
     methyloldihydroxyethyleneurea; magnesium chloride crosslinking
     catalyst cellulose; pore retention agent polyethylene glycol
TΤ
     Crosslinking agents
       Crosslinking catalysts
     Membranes, nonbiological
     Pore
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
TT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric; crosslinking agents and catalysts and
        pore retention agents in manufacture of crosslinked
        cellulose membranes)
TΤ
     7786-30-3, Magnesium chloride (MgCl2), uses
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
TT
     179669-49-9P, Cellulose-dimethyloldihydroxyethyleneurea
     copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation);
     PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
IT
     56-81-5, Glycerin, uses 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, uses
                                                                25322-68-3,
     Polyethylene glycol
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
IT
     179669-49-9P, Cellulose-dimethyloldihydroxyethyleneurea
     copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation);
```

```
PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents and catalysts and pore retention agents
        in manufacture of crosslinked cellulose membranes)
RN
     179669-49-9 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, polymer with 4,5-dihydroxy-1,3-bis(hydroxymethyl)-2-
CN
     imidazolidinone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          9004-34-6
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
          PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 1854-26-8
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L107 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1998:640301 HCAPLUS
DN
     129:261717
     Entered STN: 09 Oct 1998
ED
     Water-soluble binder compositions and water-dispersible fibrous
ΤI
     fabrics therein
IN
     Pomplun, William Seal; Mumick, Pavneet Singh; Jackson, David Martin;
     Chang, Yihua
     Kimberly-Clark Worldwide, Inc., USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C08L033-02
     ICS D04H001-64
     40-10 (Textiles and Fibers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 43, 63
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             KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
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NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,

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                        C08K005/17+L33/06B2; C08K005/5317+L33/06B2;
                        C09D133/06B2+F; C09D133/06B2+C; D04H001/64A
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                        442/381.000; 442/400.000; 442/401.000
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                        D04H001/64A
AB
     The composition, useful for personal care products such as sanitary napkins,
     diaper, wipe, etc. (no data), comprises from 25-90 parts unsatd.
     carboxylic acid/unsatd. carboxylic acid ester
     terpolymer, 10-75 parts divalent ion inhibitor and 0-10 parts plasticizer,
     and is soluble in an aqueous environment having divalent ion concentration <50
ppm and
     monovalent ion concentration <0.5 wt%. The water-dispersible fibrous
     fabric has a fibrous substrate and the above binder
     distributed on the substrate. Thus, 7 g water-dispersion containing SSB 3b
     (unsatd. carboxylic acid/unsatd. carboxylic acid ester
     terpolymer) 52.6, L 9158 (divalent ion inhibitor) 42.8 and noncrystg.
     grade sorbitol 4.6%, was sprayed on both side of a
     fibrous substrate containing 86 g Weyerhauser NB 420 pulp,
     showing stable in an aqueous solution having 0.85% NaCl and 30 ppm CaCl2, and
     dispersible in cold tap water.
ST
     binder compn fibrous fabric water soly; personal care
     product nonwoven fabric; sanitary napkin water soluble
     fibrous fabric; diaper water soluble fibrous
     fabric; garment incontinence water soluble fibrous
     fabric; unsatd carboxylic acid ester terpolymer binder;
     divalent ion inhibitor binder fibrous fabric
IT
     Polypropene fibers, miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (cemfiber, substrates; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
ĮΤ
     Amino acids, uses
     Polyphosphates
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
TT
     Carboxylic acids, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy, divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible
        fibrous fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
IT '
    Clothing
        (incontinence; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics
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containing water-soluble binder compns. for)
IT
    Amines, uses
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (polyamines, nonpolymeric, divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible
        fibrous fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
IT
    Rayon, miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (reconstituted, lyocell, substrates; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
ΙT
    Medical goods
        (sanitary napkins; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics
        containing water-soluble binder compns. for)
IT
    Cellulose pulp
    Nonwoven fabrics
        (substrates; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics
        containing water-soluble binder compns.)
TT
    Fibers
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (substrates; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics
        containing water-soluble binder compns.)
TT
    Polyesters, uses
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (sulfo-containing, divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible
        fibrous fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
TΤ
    Carboxylic acids, uses
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd., esters, polymers; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
ΤТ
     Carboxylic acids, uses
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd., polymers; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics
        containing water-soluble binder compns.)
ΤT
    Binders
        (water-dispersible fibrous fabrics containing
        water-soluble binder compns.)
TT
     Acrylic polymers, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (water-dispersible fibrous fabrics containing
        water-soluble binder compns.)
TT
    Diapers
        (water-dispersible fibrous fabrics containing
        water-soluble binder compns. for)
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene
IT
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (cemfiber, substrate; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
     60-00-4, Ethylene diaminetetraacetic acid, uses 77-92-9, uses
IT
     139-13-9, Nitrilotriacetic acid
                                      1429-50-1, Ethylene
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                      13598-36-2, Phosphonic acid 54590-62-4, AQ 29D
     tripolyphosphate
     54590-72-6, Eastman AQ 55D 61910-89-2, AQ 38D
                                                      213543-51-2, L 9158
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible fibrous
        fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)
     213544-40-2, SSB 3B
TT
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
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(water-dispersible fibrous fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd; EP 0659848 A 1995 HCAPLUS
- (2) Rohm & Haas; EP 0837110 A 1998 HCAPLUS
- (3) Sankyo Co; EP 0122815 A 1984 HCAPLUS
- IT **77-92-9**, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (divalent ion inhibitor; water-dispersible fibrous fabrics containing water-soluble binder compns.)

- RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS
- CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CO_2H$$
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L107 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1996:535114 HCAPLUS

DN 125:250733

- ED Entered STN: 07 Sep 1996
- TI Agents for densifying fibers and their uses
- IN Hansen, Michael R.; Young, Richard H., Sr.
- PA Weyerhaeuser Co., USA

)

- SO U.S., 47 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 931, 059. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- IC ICM D21H023-08
- INCL 162012000
- CC 43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 63

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                       008/128.100; 008/186.000; 019/145.000; 019/148.000;
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                       D06M013/292; D06M013/342; D06M023/00; D06M023/08;
                       D21H011/16
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US 2002096291
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white - 10 / 748977
                        D21H011/16
AB
     The densifying agents can be organic or inorg. and are denser than the
     fibers to which they are applied and especially useful for making
     absorbent fibers for use in sanitary products, etc., where
     fibers treated with the agents have improved H bonding ability
     that assists the fibers in retaining modifiers such as
     hydrogels.
                Examples of the agents are glycerin, polycarboxylates
     , polylactone polyol, lactose, etc.
     binding cellulosic fiber densification agent; hydrogen
     bonding fiber densification agent; polylactone binder
     densification fiber; polyamine binder densification
     fiber; glycerin binder densification fiber; lactose
     binder densification fiber; polycarboxylate binder
     densification fiber; polyamide binder densification
     fiber; absorbent fiber densification agent
IT
     Pulp, cellulose
        (agents for densification of fibers and their uses)
IT
     Hydrogen bond
        (agents for improving; in densification of fibers)
IT
     Densification
        (agents; for fibers useful for absorbents)
IT
     Polyelectrolytes
        (binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers)
IT
     Amides, uses
     Amines, uses
     Polyamides, uses
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     Sulfonamides
     Sulfonic acids, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers)
IT
     Glycols, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers)
IT
     Diapers
        (densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of
        absorbents for making)
IT
     Zeolites, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (deodorants; densifying agents for improving retention on
        fibers of)
IT
     Absorbents
        (for water; densifying agents for improving retention on fibers
        of)
IT
```

(hydro-, densifying agents for improving retention on fibers
of)

IT Amines, uses

Carboxylic acids, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (poly-, binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers)

IT Medical goods

(sanitary napkins, densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of absorbents for making)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder fibers; densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of modifiers)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, uses 50-70-4, Sorbitol, uses

50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, uses 50-99-7, Glucose, uses 57-13-6, Urea, uses 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, uses Glycerin, uses 63-42-3, Lactose 115-77-5, Pentaerythritol, uses 7320-34-5, Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate 7558-79-4D, Dibasic sodium phosphate, 7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, uses 7722-88-5, polyol derivs. Tetrasodium pyrophosphate 9002-98-6 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid) 9003-11-6, Ethylene oxide-propylene oxide copolymer 10043-01-3, Aluminum 13597-72-3, Phosphoramide 25322-69-4, Polypropylene glycol 25718-94-9, Polyglycine 25734-27-4, Polyglycine 26913-06-4, Poly[imino(1,2-ethanediyl)] 146480-07-1, PN-3666H 159074-51-8, IM-1000F RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers) 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (binder/densifier; densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of) 82375-64-2, Favors AB RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder/densifier; densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of) 139-33-3, EDTA disodium salt 144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (densifying agents for improving retention on fibers of) 158191-36-7, Favor 800 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(hydrogel; densifying agents for improving retention on fibers

(binder/densifier; agents for densification of fibers)

Absolute stereochemistry.

50-70-4 HCAPLUS

D-Glucitol (9CI)

50-70-4, **Sorbitol**, uses

of)

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

RN

CN

L107 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN 1995:503092 HCAPLUS DN 122:242618 ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 1995 ΤI Defibered cellulose product, its preparation and absorptive pads from IN Norlander, Leif Sotra Kopparbergs Bergslags Aktiebolag, Swed. PA PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA English IC ICM D21H011-20 ICS D21H017-06; A61L015-16 43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) CC

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(CA INDEX NAME)

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Section cross-reference(s): 63
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                       D06M013/148; D06M013/192; D06M013/35; D06M013/432; 1
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                       162/157.600; 008/115.510; 008/116.100; 162/009.000;
US 5779857
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                       162/182.000
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                       D06M013/123; D06M013/148; D06M013/192; D06M013/35;
                       D06M013/432
     Title product, in particular fluff pulp, has a fiber
AB
     structure having good compressibility under heat and pressure, which
     structure can be obtained by crosslinking, in the dry state,
     defibrated cellulose fibers impregnated with a
     crosslinking agent and ≥1 bifunctional, trifunctional or
    polyfunctional alc. The product can be formed having high d. and can be
    used in equipment now available for producing diapers and incontinence
    pads, as well as in machines for manufacture of sanitary towels and air-formed
    paper. A bleached softwood fluff pulp sheet was impregnated
    with a solution containing citric acid, glycerol, and
     disodium phosphate crosslinking catalyst, pressed, dried,
    conditioned, defibrated, heated in a warm air oven; and formed
     into test pieces having d. 132 kg/m3, specific volume wet 8.64 dm3/kg, and
     absorption capacity 8.3 g/g, compared to 96, 10.07, and 9.80, resp., for a
    fluff crosslinked in the absence of glycerol.
    pulp crosslinking polyol absorbent dense;
    citric acid crosslinking pulp
    polyol; diaper pulp crosslinked absorbent
    dense
IT
    Pulp, cellulose
        (defibered and crosslinked, method for its preparation
       and absorptive pads from)
    Absorbents
IT
    Diapers
        (defibered cellulose product for absorptive pads)
```

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IT
     Crosslinking agents
       Crosslinking catalysts
        (for defibered cellulose product for absorptive
        pads)
IT
     Glycols, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (for defibered cellulose product for absorptive
        pads)
IT
     Aldehydes, reactions
       Carboxylic acids, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (poly-, crosslinking agent; for defibered
        cellulose product for absorptive pads)
IT
     Alcohols, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polyhydric, for defibered cellulose
        product for absorptive pads)
IT
     77-92-9, Citric acid, reactions
                                      3720-97-6,
     Dihydroxyethyleneurea 3923-79-3, Arkofix NZF
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        (crosslinking agent; for defibered
        cellulose product for absorptive pads)
IT
     497-19-8, Disodium carbonate, uses 7558-79-4, Disodium phosphate
     7705-08-0, Iron trichloride, uses 13755-29-8, Sodium fluoroborate
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking catalyst; for defibered
        cellulose product for absorptive pads)
     56-81-5, Glycerol, reactions 77-85-0, 2-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-
TT
     propanediol 111-46-6, Diethylene glycol, reactions 112-27-6,
     Triethylene glycol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (for defibered cellulose product for absorptive
        pads)
IT
     77-92-9, Citric acid, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (crosslinking agent; for defibered
        cellulose product for absorptive pads)
     77-92-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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HO_2C-CH_2-C-CH_2-CO_2H
L107 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN
     1994:682500 HCAPLUS
     121:282500
DN
     Entered STN: 10 Dec 1994
ED
     Binders for binding particles to fibers
TТ
TN
     Hansen, Michael R.; Young, Richard H.
PΑ
     Weyerhaeuser Co., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
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LA
     English
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IC
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    ICS A61F013-15; B27N003-00
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    43-6 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
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                        D21H011/16
AB
     The title binders have functional groups capable of forming H bonding or
     coordinate covalent bonding between fibers such as
     cellulose pulp and particles such as absorbents.
     Fibers containing particles bound by the binders are easily densified.
     A binder from polycaprolactone diol was used to bind southern bleached
     kraft fluff and starch graft polyacrylate hydrogel fines.
ST
    hydrogen bonding binder pulp absorbent product; coordinate
     covalent bonding binder pulp fiber; polycaprolactone
    diol binder hydrogel bonding fiber
IT
    Pulp, cellulose
        (binders for adhering absorptive particles on, by hydrogen or
        coordinate covalent bonding)
ΙT
    Amides, uses
    Amines, uses
     Carbohydrates and Sugars, uses
     Peptides, uses
     Phosphates, uses
    Polyamides, uses
    Sulfonates
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (binders, for adhering absorptive particles on cellulose
        fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
IT
    Polyesters, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (binders, for adhering absorptive particles on cellulose
        fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
IT
    Binding materials
        (for adhering absorptive particles on cellulose
        fibers, by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
IT
    Hydrogen bond
        (formation of, between cellulosic fibers, binders
        and additive particles)
IT
    Diapers
        (disposable, absorbents for, supported on fibers by hydrogen
        or coordinate covalent bonding, binders for making)
IT
    Amines, uses
       Carboxylic acids, uses
```

```
RL: USES (Uses)
        (poly-, binders, for adhering absorptive particles on
        cellulose fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent
        bonding)
IT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric, binders, for adhering absorptive particles on
        cellulose fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent
        bonding)
IT
     Sulfonic acids, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polymers, binders, for adhering absorptive particles on
        cellulose fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent
        bonding)
     Medical goods
TT
        (sanitary napkins, absorbents for, supported on fibers by
        hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding, binders for making)
IT
     Absorbents
        (super-, binders for adhering on cellulose fibers
        of, by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
     50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, uses
                                     56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, uses
IT
     56-81-5D, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, esters
                                          57-13-6, Urea, uses 77-92-9
      Citric acid, uses 87-69-4, uses
                        115-77-5, uses
     107-22-2, Glyoxal
                                          1854-26-8,
     Dimethyloldihydroxyethyleneurea
                                       7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, uses
                                   9003-01-4, Acrylic acid polymer
     9002-98-6, Polyethyleneimine
     9010-77-9D, Acrylic acid-ethylene copolymer, carboxylated
     10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 23522-05-6, Taurin 24980-41-4D,
     Polycaprolactone, diol derivs.
                                     25248-42-4D, Polycaprolactone, diol
              25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25322-69-4, Polypropylene
     glycol
              25718-94-9, Polyglycine
                                       106392-12-5, Ethylene oxide-propylene
     oxide block copolymer
                             146480-07-1, PN-3666H
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (binders, for adhering absorptive particles on cellulose
        fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
IT
     159074-51-8, IM 1000F
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (particulate absorbents, binders for adhering on cellulose
        fibers of, by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
IT
     158191-36-7, Favor 800
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (particulate absorbents/hydrogels, binders for adhering on
        cellulose fibers of, by hydrogen or coordinate
        covalent bonding)
IT
     139-33-3, EDTA disodium-salt
                                    144-62-7, Ethanedioic acid, miscellaneous
     497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (particulate, binders for adhering on cellulose
        fibers of, by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
TT
     77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 87-69-4,
     uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (binders, for adhering absorptive particles on cellulose
        fibers by hydrogen or coordinate covalent bonding)
RN
     77-92-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm HO_2C-CH_2-C-CH_2-CO_2H} \\ | \\ {\rm OH} \end{array}$$

RN 87-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
L107 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     1994:167119 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     120:167119
     Entered STN: 02 Apr 1994
ED
     Process for the preparation of crosslinked polysaccharides
ΤI
     useful for super-absorbents for moisture
IN
     Qin, Jian
PA
     Kimberly-Clark Corp., USA
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM C08B037-00
     ICS C08B015-10; C08L001-26; C08B011-20
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
·CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 44
FAN.CNT 3
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                                                 DATE
                                           ______
                                                                 -----
                               19931020
                                           EP 1993-106150
                                                                 19930415 <--
PΙ
     EP 566118
                         A1
     EP 566118
                         B1
                               19970917
     EP 566118
                         B2
                               20011017
        R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
                                           CA 1992-2076732
                                                                 19920824 <--
     CA 2076732
                         AΑ
                               19931018
                                                                 19930317 <--
     JP 06025303
                         A2
                               19940201
                                           JP 1993-56262
     JP 3221963
                         B2
                               20011022
                                           AU 1993-36949
                                                                 19930415 <--
     AU 9336949
                               19931021
                        A1
     AU 673158
                         B2
                               19961031
                                           ES 1993-106150
                                                                 19930415 <--
     ES 2107574
                         Т3
                               19971201
                               19960801
                                                                 19960531 <--
     AU 9654638
                         A1
                                           AU 1996-54638
     AU 690844
                         B2
                               19980430
PRAI US 1992-870529
                         Α
                               19920417 <--
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                       ______
 EP 566118
                ICM
                       C08B037-00
                       C08B015-10; C08L001-26; C08B011-20
                 ICS
                       A61L015/60+C08L1/26; C08B015/00B; C08L001/28F+B
 EP 566118
                ECLA
```

```
AB
     Water-swellable, generally water-insol. super-absorbents with high
     under-load absorbency (AUL) are prepared by crosslinking the
     polysaccharides with crosslinking (e.g. esterification and
     amidation) agents, and heat treatment. A method and an apparatus for measuring
     the AUL are also described. Thus, heating a 2% CM-cellulose
     Na-salt (I) solution with a 0.5% chitosan glutamate (II) solution at II/I
weight
     ratio 0.3:100 at 140° for 75 min gave a crosslinked
     product with AUL value 31.8 g/g, vs. 4.9 for uncrosslinked I.
     super absorbent crosslinked polysaccharide; CM cellulose
ST
     crosslinked super absorbent; chitosan glutamate
     crosslinker CMC absorbent
ΙT
     Polysaccharides, preparation
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (crosslinked, super-absorbents, manufacture of, with high
        under-load absorbency)
     Gelatins, uses
IT
     Glycols, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (crosslinkers, for polysaccharides in super absorbent manufacture)
IT
     Crosslinking agents
        (for polysaccharides in super absorbent manufacture)
IT
     Amines, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (di-, crosslinkers, for polysaccharides in super absorbent
        manufacture)
IT
     Amines, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (poly-, crosslinkers, for polysaccharides in super absorbent
        manufacture)
IT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric, crosslinkers, for polysaccharides in
        super absorbent manufacture)
TT
     Gelatins, compounds
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (reaction products, with polysaccharides, super-absorbents, manufacture of,
        with high under-load absorbency)
TT
     Absorbents
        (super-, crosslinked polysaccharides, manufacture of, with high
        under-load absorbency)
TΤ
     107-21-1, 1,2-Ethanediol, uses 110-63-4, 1,4-Butanediol, uses
     111-40-0, Diethylenetriamine 9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol)
                                                                      9002-98-6
     9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 84563-76-8, Chitosan glutamate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (crosslinkers, for polysaccharides in super absorbent manufacture)
     9004-32-4DP, CM-cellulose sodium salt, gelatin
IT
     crosslinked 153595-21-2P 153595-22-3P
     153595-23-4P 153595-24-5P 153595-25-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (super-absorbents, manufacture of, with high under-load absorbency)
     9004-32-4DP, CM-cellulose sodium salt, gelatin
IT
     crosslinked 153595-21-2P 153595-22-3P
     153595-23-4P 153595-24-5P 153595-25-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (super-absorbents, manufacture of, with high under-load absorbency)
RN
     9004-32-4 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3

о || но-с-сн₂-он

RN 153595-21-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, compd. with chitosan, polymer with cellulose carboxymethyl ether sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84563-76-8

CMF C5 H9 N O4 . x Unspecified

CM 2

CRN 9012-76-4

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 3

CRN . 56-86-0 CMF C5 H9 N O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 4

CRN 9004-32-4

CMF C2 H4 O3 . x Na . x Unspecified

CM 5

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

```
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          CM
          CRN 79-14-1
          CMF C2 H4 O3
HO-C-CH_2-OH
RN
     153595-22-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt, polymer with 1,4-butanediol
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 110-63-4
     CMF C4 H10 O2
HO-(CH_2)_4-OH
     CM
          2
     CRN 9004-32-4
     CMF C2 H4 O3 . x Na . x Unspecified
               3
          CM
          CRN 9004-34-6
              Unspecified
          CMF
          CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          CM
               4
          CRN 79-14-1
          CMF C2 H4 O3
   0
HO-C-CH_2-OH
     153595-23-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt, polymer with aziridine (9CI)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CM

1

CRN 151-56-4 CMF C2 H5 N

```
H
N
```

CM CRN 9004-32-4 CMF C2 H4 O3 . x Na . x Unspecified CM CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** CM CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3 0 $HO-C-CH_2-OH$ 153595-24-5 HCAPLUS RNCellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt, polymer with hyaluronic acid CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 9004-61-9 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** CM 2 CRN 9004-32-4 CMF C2 H4 O3 . x Na . x Unspecified 3 CM CRN 9004-34-6 Unspecified CMF CCI PMS, MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** CM 4 CRN 79-14-1

jan delaval - 12 august 2005

CMF C2 H4 O3

HO-C-CH2-OH 153595-25-6 HCAPLUS RN Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt, polymer with CN N-(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 111-40-0 CMF C4 H13 N3 H2N-CH2-CH2-NH-CH2-CH2-NH2 CM 2 CRN 9004-32-4 CMF C2 H4 O3 . x Na . x Unspecified CM 3 CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** CM 4 CRN 79-14-1 CMF C2 H4 O3 HO-C-CH2-OH L107 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1971:143482 HCAPLUS ANDN 74:143482 Entered STN: 12 May 1984 ED Effects of addition of alcohols on the rheological properties of methyl ΤI cellulose aqueous solutions ΑU Hirasa, Okihiko; Hayashi, Masatoshi Kogyo Gijutsuin Sen'ikiobunshizaiiryo Kenkyusho, Yokohama, Japan CS Kogyo Kagaku Zasshi (1970), 73(12), 2680-7 so CODEN: KGKZA7; ISSN: 0368-5462 DT Journal Japanese LΑ

43 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

The effect of the addition of alcs. (MeOH, EtOH, PrOH, ethylene

CC

AB

```
glycol, and glycerol) on the gelation phenomena of aqueous Me
     cellulose solns. was studied, and a difference in the quality of
     the effects produced by monohydric and polyhydric alcs
     . was observed The dehydration effect of monohydric alcs. was
     superior to the solvation effect for low alc. concentration The
     solvation effect was > the dehydration effect when the concentration was high
or
     the alc. alkyl group was long, and the gelation temperature increased.
     For polyhydric alcs., the dehydration effect was >
     that of monohydric alcs., and secondary cross
     linkages between polymer mols. were formed with the functional
     groups of polyhydric alcs., and the gelation temperature
     decreased.
ST
     gelation methyl cellulose soln; rheol props methyl
     cellulose; alcs methyl cellulose gelation; methanol
     methyl cellulose gelation; ethanol methyl cellulose
     gelation; glycerol methyl cellulose gelation; propanol methyl
     cellulose gelation; ethylene glycol methyl cellulose
     gelation
ΙT
     Rheology
        (of cellulose methyl ether aqueous solns., alcs. effect on)
TΤ
     9004-67-5
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (rheology of aqueous solns. of, alcs. effect on)
IT
     56-81-5, properties
                         64-17-5, properties 67-56-1, properties
                                                                       71-23-8,
     properties 107-21-1, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (rheology of cellulose methyl ether aqueous solns. in presence
        of)
IT
     9004-67-5
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (rheology of aqueous solns. of, alcs. effect on)
     9004-67-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cellulose, methyl ether (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
     CRN
          9004-34-6
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 67-56-1
     CMF C H4 O
H_3C-OH
L107 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     1967:77157 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     66:77157
     Entered STN: 12 May 1984
ED
     Polyethers of levoglucosan
TI
     Carlberg, Lawrence G.; Shafizadeh, Fraidoun
ΙN
PA
     Weyerhaeuser Co.
```

```
SO
     U.S., 2 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
INCL 260209000
     43 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                               DATE
                                                               DATE
     -----
                               -----
                                                                 _____
                                          US
    US 3305542
                               19670221
                                                                19650325
 PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 _____
US 3305542 INCL
US 3305542 NCL
                       260209000
                       536/120.000; 521/175.000
    Long- or short-chain polyether polyols (I) are prepared by
     etherification of levoglucosan (II) with ethylene oxide or propylene oxide
     (III) in the presence of Et3N as catalyst and use of the resulting
     alcoholate as a catalyst for further reaction of II and III. Thus, II
     100, III 107, and Et3N 1.04 g. were heated to 120° for 40 min. to
     yield 93% 2,3,4-tris(hydroxypropyl)levoglucosan (IV). IV (20 q.) was
     refluxed for 15 hrs. in 50 cc. C6H6 with 1.0 g. K shavings, and then
     concentrated to remove C6H6 to yield an alcoholate catalyst solution (V). A
mixture
     of 138 g. II, 157 g. III, and the V from the preceding step was heated to
     160° for 35 min. to yield 96% I, 11.8% OH content, 6120 cp.
     viscosity. The K catalyst was removed by the addition of tartaric
     acid to form an insol. K tartrate. The polyols were
     also prepared in a 1-step process by slow addition of III to II in the presence
     of KOH. Depending upon the mole ratio of II to III, the I are useful in
     the preparation of either rigid or flexible polyurethane foams and elastomers.
     POLYETHER POLYOLS; ETHERIFICATION LEVOGLUCOSAN; POLYURETHANE
ST
     ELASTOMERS FOAMS; ELASTOMERS POLYURETHANE; FOAMS POLYURETHANE;
     LEVOGLUCOSAN POLYETHERS; POLYETHERS LEVOGLUCOSAN
     Glycols, polypropylene, ether with levoglucosan
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (catalysts for, potassium hydroxide or triethylamine)
     15802-24-1P
TT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manufacture of)
     498-07-7
TT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polyethers with ethylene oxide or propylene oxide made with potassium
       hydroxide or triethylamine catalyst)
IT
     25322-68-3D, Glycols, polyethylene, ethers with levoglucosan
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (potassium hydroxide or triethylamine catalysts for)
=> => d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:22:37 ON 12 AUG 2005)
               SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:22:45 ON 12 AUG 2005
             1 S US20050143571/PN OR US2003-748977#/AP, PRN
T.1
               E WEYERHAEUSER/PA,CS
               E WEYERHAUSER/PA, CS
           827 S (WEYERHAEUSER? OR WEYERHAUESER? OR WEYERHAUSER?)/PA,CS
L2
               E STOYANOV A/AU
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L3
            159 S E3-E12, E21, E22
                E STOYANOF A/AU
                E NEIENI S/AU
                E NAIENI S/AU
             12 S E4, E5
L4
                E SHAHROKH/AU
                E UNRAU D/AU
              8 S E3-E5
L5
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:29:33 ON 12 AUG 2005
              6 S 6915-15-7 OR 80-69-3 OR 77-92-9 OR 87-69-4 OR 2889-31-8 OR 59
L6
              7 S (D-MALIC ACID OR L-MALIC ACID OR L-CITRAMALIC ACID OR D-CITRA
L7
L8
             12 S L6, L7
           3217 S MALIC ACID OR TARTARIC ACID OR CITRIC ACID OR TARTRONIC ACID
L9
           1491 S L9 AND 1/NC
L10
                SEL MF L8
L11
             59 S E1-E5 AND L10
L12
             40 S L11 NOT ((D OR T)/ELS OR LABELED OR ION OR 180# OR 170# OR 11
L13
             28 S L12 NOT L8
               SEL RN 18 19 28
L14
              3 S E6-E8
L15
             15 S L8, L14
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          6171 S L15 (L) RACT+NT/RL
L16
         106433 S (MALIC OR TARTARIC OR CITRIC OR TARTRONIC OR CITRAMALIC OR (2
L17
           386 S ALPHA() (OH OR HYDROXY) () (POLYCARBOXYLIC OR POLY CARBOXYLIC OR
L18
               E CARBOXYLIC ACIDS/CT
           440 S E3 (L) (ALPHA HYDROXY#)
L19
L20
          5695 S E3 (L) HYDROXY#
          4017 S E50
L21
          5607 S E128, E130
L22
          1670 S E160, E165
L23
          1933 S E169
L24
          9392 S E228
L25
        126182 S L16-L25
L26
       100244 S CROSSLINK?/CT,CW
L27
               E CROSSLINK/CT
                E E15+ALL
          53911 S E2
L28
          23820 S E12+OLD,NT OR E11+OLD,NT OR E10+OLD,NT
L29
                E E9+ALL
         34782 S E3
L30
         285440 S L27-L30 OR ?CROSSLINK? OR ?CROSS LINK?
L31
          69107 S POLYOL OR POLY OL OR POLYALCOHOL OR POLY ALCOHOL OR (POLYHYDR
L32
L33
          36478 S ?POLYOL
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:43:31 ON 12 AUG 2005
             12 S 50-70-4 OR 87-78-5 OR 87-89-8 OR 87-99-0 OR 149-32-6 OR 488-3
L34
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:45:45 ON 12 AUG 2005
L35
          32001 S L34
           1863 S L34 (L) RACT+NT/RL
L36
          72360 S ERYTHRITOL OR XYLITOL OR ARABINITOL OR RIBITOL OR SORBITOL OR
L37
           746 S HETEROSIDE
L38
          37528 S INOSITOL
L39
L40
           403 S XYLITE OR MESOINOSITE
           327 S SORBIT
L41
L42
           439 S ADONITOL
           219 S MESOINOSITOL OR MESOERYTHRITOL
L43
```

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26 S MULTITOL OR LACTIT
L44
L45
            205 S PALATINIT
L46
         166308 S L32, L33, L35-L45
          14799 S L26, L31 AND L46
L47
L48
            240 S L47 AND CELLULOS?/SC,SX
             32 S L47 AND CELLULOS?/CW,CT
L49
L50
           1597 S L47 AND ?CELLULOS?
                E CELLULOSE/CT
         291751 S E42+OLD, NT, PFT, RT
L51
          .5491 S E31,E32,E33
L52
                E E3+ALL
L53
         180343 S E7+NT
                E CELLULOSE PULP/CT
              2 S E34,E35
L54
                E E36+ALL
L55
           4227 S E2
                E CELLULOSIC/CT
                E E4+ALL
L56
           2560 S E2
            34 S E4
L57
           4227 S E6
L58
           142 S E8
L59
             1 S E10
L60
            113 S E20
L61
           1790 S L47 AND L51-L61
L62
L63
           2180 S L48, L49, L50, L62
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:53:46 ON 12 AUG 2005
L64
            1 S CELLULOSE/CN
L65
           6869 S 9004-34-6/CRN
           8513 S ?CELLULOS?/CNS
L66
           8516 S L64-L66
L67
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:54:17 ON 12 AUG 2005
L68
          1370 S L67 AND L47
           2214 S L63, L68
L69
L70
            73 S L47 AND PULP
           2241 S L69,L70
L71
            24 S L71 AND ?INDIVIDUAL?
L72
1.73
           2241 S L71 AND L1-L5, L16-L33, L35-L63, L68-L71
L74
             24 S L72 AND L73
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:57:44 ON 12 AUG 2005
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:58:29 ON 12 AUG 2005
L75
          15395 S L15, L26, L31 AND L46
L76
           2330 S L75 AND (L51-L61 OR PULP OR ?CELLULOS? OR CELLULOS?/SC,SX,CW,
L77
             25 S L76 AND ?INDIVIDUAL?
             4 S L77 AND CELLULOS?/SC,SX
L78
L79
            249 S L76 AND CELLULOS?/SC,SX
L80
            245 S L79 NOT L77
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:01:53 ON 12 AUG 2005
L81
              2 S MANNITOL/CN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:02:23 ON 12 AUG 2005
L82
           1811 S L81 AND L15, L26, L31
L83
            631 S L82 AND (L51-L61 OR PULP OR ?CELLULOS? OR CELLULOS?/SC,SX,CW,
            19 S L83 AND CELLULOS?/SC,SX
L84
L85
             16 S L84 NOT L77
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L86
            251 S L80, L85, L78
L87
              9 S L86 AND L1-L5
                E UNRAN/AU
L88
              9 S E4, L87
              9 S L88 AND L1-L5, L16-L33, L35-L63, L68-L80, L82-L88
L89
            242 S L86 NOT L89
L90
L91
            242 S L90 AND L1-L5, L16-L33, L35-L63, L68-L80, L82-L90
             0 S L91 AND INTRAFIB?
Ŀ92
            189 S L91 AND L31
L93
            240 S L91 AND (PY<=2003 OR PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003)
L94
              1 S L94 AND L16
L95
L96
              4 S L94 AND (L36 OR L81(L)RACT+NT/RL)
L97
             5 S L95, L96
             10 S L95, L89
L98
             61 S (L36 OR L81(L) RACT+NT/RL) AND L16
L99
L100
             55 S L99 AND (PY<=2003 OR PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003)
                SEL DN AN L94 5 9 43 59 74 85 96 116 124 134 142 180 208 223 2
L101
             16 S L94 AND E1-E48
                SEL DN AN 3-6 8 9 15
              7 S L101 AND E49-E69
L102
             16 S L98,L102 AND L1-L5,L16-L33,L35-L63,L68-L80,L82-L102
L103
             15 S L103 AND (?CELLULOS? OR PULP OR ?FIBER? OR ?FIBR? OR YARN OR
L104
             12 S L103 AND (MALIC OR TARTARIC OR CITRIC OR TARTRONIC OR HYDROXY
L105
             3 S L103 AND (ISOMALT OR LACTITOL OR MALITOTIL)
L106
L107
             16 S L103-L106
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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:28:07 ON 12 AUG 2005

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